

PRESS RELEASE

Date	30 March 2015
Pages	2
Subject	Sellers taking on less risk in European M&A

CMS DeBacker
Chaussée de La Hulpe 178
1170 Brussels
Belgium
T +32 2 743 69 05
E xavier.veldeman@cms-db.com
www.cms-db.com

Sellers taking on less risk in European M&A

Sellers in European M&A deals assumed less risk in 2014 as the region saw an uplift in M&A deal value, according to a study by CMS, Europe's largest legal services organisation.

In its seventh annual M&A review, CMS analysed over 2,400 of its non-listed European public and private company deals between 2007 and 2014.

Vincent Dirckx, partner and Head of the Corporate M&A practice at CMS DeBacker, said: "The risk to sellers in European M&A deals has seen a steady decline over the last few years. However, 2014 saw a marked increase in seller-friendly deal structures, in line with the relative boom in M&A value across Europe."

CMS's study indicates that the deal environment for sellers across Europe is back to pre-financial crisis levels. Two particularly notable pro-seller trends are the significant use of locked-boxes and warranty and indemnity (W&I) insurance. Locked-boxes fix the price of a deal without reference to any completion accounts adjustment and 2014 saw the greatest use in consumer products and business services deals. W&I insurance provides a solution for the 'warranty gap' where sellers who are not prepared or able to give warranties and indemnities can provide a package which will enable buyers to make warranty claims against the insurer. In 2014, W&I insurance was used primarily in private equity, real estate and infrastructure fund deals.

Carl Leermakers, partner at CMS DeBacker, adds: "European M&A deals may have been more seller-friendly in the last year but buyers remain very cautious about high valuations. Whilst we're expecting to see an even more active market in the coming year, especially in the technology, media and communications, consumer products, lifesciences and energy sectors, the deal environment is heavily affected by macro issues such as the oil price decline, the crisis in Greece and the geo-political situations in Ukraine and Russia – and any significant shifts can make buyers cautious."

Additional pro-seller M&A deal structures in 2014 included:

- **Liability caps** are lower: sellers' liability was less than half the purchase price in 53% of 2014 deals versus 47% in 2013.
- **Limitation periods** are shorter: deals with long tails dipped in 2014, with only 15% showing limitation periods exceeding 24 months.
- There are more **baskets and *de minimis* provisions** across Europe (although financial protection in terms of percentage of deal size is getting lower): 71% of 2014 deals had *de minimis*

provisions, compared with 63% in 2013. 69% of deals included basket provisions versus 58% in the previous seven years.

- **MAC clauses** remain relatively rare in Europe (14% of deals): this ensures seller deal certainty. In contrast, the vast majority of US deals used a MAC clause (94%).
- The use of **security** for warranty claims in favour of buyers is declining: security devices (such as escrow account, purchase price retention and bank guarantee) were used in 29% of deals in 2014, down from an average of 39% over the last seven years.
- There are fewer **non-compete clauses**: 47% of deals versus 49% in 2013.

There was a significant increase in the use of **earn-outs** in European M&A in 2014, rising from 14% of deals in 2013 to 19% and indicating confidence in future performance by sellers. Earn-outs were especially popular in Northern Europe where usage was comparable to the US (21% versus 25%) and in the lifesciences sector.

Key regional differences across Europe were as follows:

- The **UK** remains keen on *de minimis* and basket provisions although sellers' liability caps are higher than in other countries. 61% of UK deals had a liability cap of at least 50% of the purchase price. Deals in the UK were the least likely to have a MAC clause (only 3%).
- Deals in **German-speaking countries** occupy the middle ground with regard to risk allocation. Deals were the least likely to have a short warranty limitation period of up to 12 months (14%). Earn-outs continue to be popular with 22% of deals containing earn-out provisions.
- **France** still has the lowest liability caps but long warranty periods. The country saw a notable increase in the use of locked-boxes, compared with 2013, as did Southern Europe.
- Deals in **Benelux** were the most likely to have escrow accounts as a mechanism for securing warranty claims (31%). These deals have the shortest general warranty periods with none exceeding 24 months.
- **Central and Eastern Europe** sees the most MAC clauses and arbitration is the most likely dispute resolution mechanism in this region.

- END -

Contact:

Xavier Veldeman, CMS Business Developer

T +32 2 743 69 05

E xavier.veldeman@cms-db.com

GLOSSARY

De minimis. An individual claim will only be considered if it is in excess of a minimum value.

Basket. The buyer will only be able to make a claim when the aggregate of all individual claims exceeding the de minimis threshold also exceeds the basket threshold.

Earn-out. Part of the purchase price is dependent on the future performance of the target business.

MAC clause. Material Adverse Change clauses give the buyer the right to terminate the agreement if a specific event defined in the agreement with negative impact on the target business occurs before closing.

NOTES TO EDITORS

CMS

Founded in 1999, CMS is a full-service top 10 international law firm, based on the number of lawyers (Am Law 2013 Global 100). With 59 offices in 33 countries across the world, employing over 3,000 lawyers, CMS has longstanding expertise both at advising in its local jurisdictions and across borders. CMS acts for a large number of Fortune 500 companies and the FT European 500 and for the majority of the DAX 30. Revenues totalled €842m in 2013.

CMS provides a wide range of expertise across 19 expert practice and sector areas, including Corporate, Energy, Funds, Lifesciences, TMC, Tax, Banking and Finance, Commercial, Competition & EU, Dispute Resolution, Employment & Pensions, Intellectual Property and Real Estate & Construction.

For more information, please visit www.cmslegal.com.

CMS offices and associated offices: Aberdeen, Algiers, Amsterdam, Antwerp, Barcelona, Beijing, Belgrade, Berlin, Bratislava, Bristol, Brussels, Bucharest, Budapest, Casablanca, Cologne, Dubai, Duesseldorf, Edinburgh, Frankfurt, Geneva, Glasgow, Hamburg, Istanbul, Kyiv, Leipzig, Lisbon, Ljubljana, London, Luxembourg, Lyon, Madrid, Mexico City, Milan, Montenegro, Moscow, Munich, Muscat, Paris, Podgorica, Prague, Rio de Janeiro, Rome, Sarajevo, Seville, Shanghai, Sofia, Strasbourg, Stuttgart, Tirana, Utrecht, Vienna, Warsaw, Zagreb and Zurich.

CMS DeBacker

CMS DeBacker has offices in Brussels, Antwerp and Luxembourg. It numbers about 100 lawyers, including 23 partners. Clients rely on CMS DeBacker for all legal and tax issues they face, in Belgium, Luxembourg and anywhere worldwide. CMS DeBacker is a founding member of CMS. For more information, please visit www.cms-db.com