



Risk, Resilience
and Reputation

Focus on Funds | Risk, Resilience and Reputation

M&A Insurance

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Presenting today



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What will we cover?

1. What is W&I insurance

2. How did we get there?

3. State of the market

4. Top tips

5. Hot topics

6. Claims



1

What is W&I insurance

What is W&I insurance

- Warranty and Indemnity (W&I) insurance is a cost-effective risk transfer tool that can be utilised by a buyer (buy-side) or a seller (sell-side) in a transaction to protect either the buyer or the seller from unknown and unforeseen liabilities resulting in financial loss from a breach of the seller's warranty (and/or indemnities) that are contained in a share sale agreement
- Bespoke W&I Policy is negotiated for each transaction
- RCA structures coverage that is back-to-back with (or enhance, if a Buyer's W&I Policy) the liability regime in the SPA
- The insured party can be a buyer or the seller/warrantor



2

How did we get there?

How did we get there?

- Late 1990's – some sell-side deals
- Early 2000's – buyers became insureds
- 2002 – 2008 – gradual uptake by larger PE funds, and spread across Europe
- 2008 – 2010 – recovery mode and new entrants. Australia leading the way
- 2010 – 2015 – uptake by real estate funds, corporates and smaller PE funds, growth in Asia and the US
- 2015 – 2020 – huge growth in number of underwriters and brokers. Market maturity. Significant claims paid
- 2020 – 2021 – record number of deals insured, and record number of underwriters



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State of the market

State of the market

- Around 25 underwriters offering W&I
- Not all are insurers using their own balance sheet – the majority are MGA's
- Smaller end of the market – limits below £5,000,000
- Larger end of the market – limits up to £100,000,000 per insurer
- Role of excess markets, and building a tower
- Standard pricing below 1% of limit
- Excess/retention – 0.5% of the deal value, down to 0.25%, and “tipping” retentions
- Insurers pushing for rate/price increases
- New players in the last 12 months – Hamilton, Everest, Berkshire Hathaway, Mosaic
- Broad appetite, with no sector off-limits

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Top tips

Top tips

Common Pitfalls	
SPA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Off-market warranty regime (including lack of market limitations and qualifications)
Due diligence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Scope gaps Materiality Omission of international operations
Disclosure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adequacy of disclosure and data room
Deal/W&I structuring	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Impact on Insured and/or W&I Policy jurisdiction: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Tax ➤ Regulatory ➤ Coverage
Restructurings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Failure to consider legal and tax implications
Known issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Failure to identify and consider early <p><i>Note: other insurance solutions may cover e.g. Tax</i></p>
W&I Insurers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change of W&I insurer availability/appetite/capacity

Common Pitfalls	
Sell-side processes / Sell-buy flips	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Selection of W&I insurer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ failure to consider full range of criteria that well advised Buyer will query Not managing bidders/Buyers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Coverage issues ➤ Loss of W&I insurer availability/appetite/capacity Running too many “preferred” bidders* <p><i>* Note that RCA can run 4 “trees” (+ 1 on sell-side) each led by a senior member, but W&I insurers will max at 2-3 trees each and break fees will be requested</i></p>
Contact RCA early in order to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Avoid/limit potential pitfalls Manage expectations and process Structure and implement practical solutions 	

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Hot topics

Hot topics

- Synthetic Warranties – myth vs reality
- US-style or “hybrid” policies
- Contingent risks
- Intellectual Property risks
- Due Diligence reports exclusion
- Signing to Closing cover

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Claims

Claims overview

Claims – what to do

What to do	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Act in good faith and as if uninsured Notify as soon as become aware
Typical analysis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Has there been a Breach? Any disclosure, limitation in SPA? Any exclusion or qualification in the W&I Policy? Does the alleged quantum meet the de minimis and or retention?
Quantifying “Loss” – key questions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> How has the Loss been calculated? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> e.g. do EBITDA multiples apply Can the quantum be substantiated? Forensic accountants often get involved on the valuation of “Loss” on complex claims
Contact CMS / RCA early	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CMS and RCA are very familiar with W&I insurers’ approach to claims and applies commercial pressure where necessary to expedite resolution of issues

Claims - the numbers

Frequency	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Claims of substance - circa 12-14% of W&I Policies Some W&I Policies have 2+ claims
Where	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Claims relate to the following warranties: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accounts (20%) Compliance with laws (15%) Material contracts (14%) Tax (14%) Intellectual Property (8%) Employee related (8%) Other (eg. Fundamentals, Environmental, Litigation etc) (21%) <p><small>*2020 AIG claims study</small></p>
When	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 75% of claims are notified in first 18 months and 90% within the first 24 months
RCA current caseload	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 22 claims across 18 transactions, as at September 2021

Claims – Common claims areas

- Non-payment or misclassification of long service leave or other employee entitlements
- Incorrect sub-contractor payments
- Unpaid bonuses or non-disclosure of the existence of bonus or incentive payments
- Non-exclusive distribution agreements
- Incorrect revenue recognition
- Incorrect application of accounting standards to liabilities in the warranted accounts
- Allegations of breach of third-party IP rights
- Wrongful classification of employees as contractors
- Incorrect application of VAT or other indirect taxes
- Incorrect Stamp Duty



Annexes

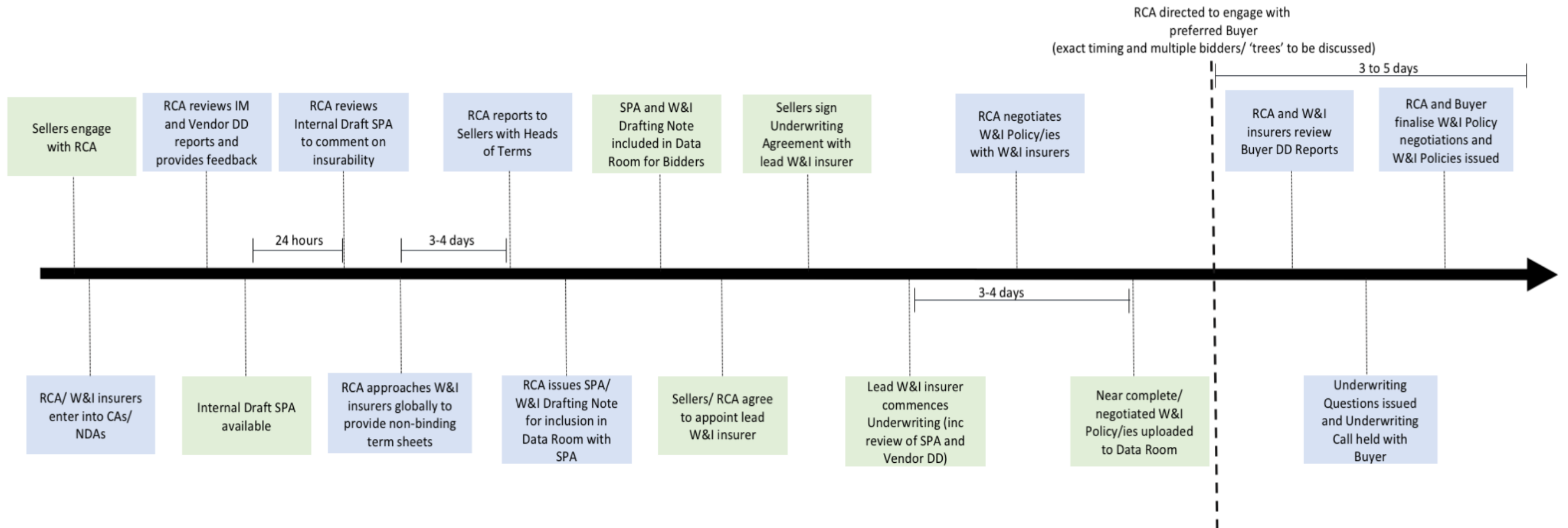
Annex 1: W&I insurance – Key features

Premium		Sectors / Asset Classes		Key points for M&A professionals	
Single payment for multi-year W&I Policy		Very broad range: everything from Real estate (low risk) through to Financial Services		Key factors impacting pricing and available insurance:	Key factors impacting coverage:
Typically, payable at completion					
		Other key features			
Country of Target	Cost (% of <u>Policy Limit</u>)	Time limits	Up to 7 years for tax and title and capacity Ordinarily 3 years for general warranties	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Jurisdiction• Retention and de minimis• Sector / asset class• Size of transaction• Parties and their advisors• SPA and disclosure – style (e.g. UK v US)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• SPA• Warranties• Due Diligence• Disclosure• M&A and underwriting process Note: W&I Insurance is not a substitute for a proper M&A process or appropriate due diligence and fulsome disclosure
Netherlands/Europe/UK	0.6 – 1.2				
USA	3 – 4.5				
Australasia	0.9 – 1.2	Retention	Typically 1% of Target enterprise value 0.5% fixed , or 1% tipping to 0-0.5% on certain deals. Expect Nil retentions on real estate transactions		
Hong Kong, Singapore	1.8 – 1.6				
Japan, Korea Malaysia	1.7 - 2.2				
Thailand, Taiwan, Indonesia, Vietnam, Philippines	1.8 – 2.5+	De minimis	Typically 0.1% of Target enterprise value but often 0.05% can be secured (DD Report materiality is important here)		
India, PRC	2 – 3+				
Other jurisdictions	Please contact CMS / RCA for insurability and potential cost of W&I insurance				
		Types of target			
		Private (most common) Non-listed public Listed (occasionally): non-hostile			

Annex 2: US style W&I policy coverage

US Style Coverage Concept	Comments
Removal of de minimis	No de minimis on claims.
Retention higher	Retention is often higher eg. 1.0% to 2% of EV but negotiable. Can "drop down" after a certain period.
Due Diligence Reports not formally excluded	The W&I Policy will not contain a specific exclusion regarding matters which are fairly disclosed in the Buyer's Due Diligence Reports. The NCD will however confirm that the Due Diligence Reports have been read and understood to avoid sandbagging. This is often secured on UK deals too.
No general disclosure of Data Room	The contents of the Data Room will not be deemed disclosed against the warranties or tax indemnity. However, a detailed Disclosure Schedule will be required.
Materiality/ MAC/ MAE Scape	If the SPA includes a provision disregarding the materiality qualifications and/or material adverse change / event qualifications, the W&I Policy can mirror this.
Removal of Consequential Loss and Multiplied Damages exclusions	The consequential loss and multiplied damages (if applicable) exclusion can often be removed.
Pricing	Can depend but for a UK transaction implementing US style W&I Policy coverage, say between 2% and 4%.

Annex 3: The RCA Sell-Buy flip process



Annex 4: W&I insurance – Timing & Process

Overview		Key factors impacting timing		Workstream	Action Items
W&I Insurance process usually takes approximately 2 weeks (including underwriting of 5 business days).		M&A deal itself – W&I will adapt		Negotiation of warranty package	W&I insurance enables the parties to agree a balanced warranty package more easily
“Sell-buy flip” usually take 4+ weeks but early engagement is best		Quality of the due diligence		SPA drafting	RCA will review SPA and provide comments from a W&I insurance perspective
Shorter timeframes when required		W&I insurer capacity		Due diligence and/or disclosure	Same as for non-insured deal but note W&I insurance is not a substitute for proper due diligence and disclosure. Prepare early with adequate scope to cover the warranties being requested
		Responsiveness of the Insured		W&I process workload	Usually limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Respond to W&I insurer’s underwriting questions and attending underwriting call Attending to W&I insurer’s information requests W&I Policy review RCA leads on policy negotiation. The deal team can focus on SPA/deal execution but will need to be involved
				Competitive processes	Depends but usually the process is managed in conjunction with Sell-side M&A lawyer

Originate transaction	Provide strategic and structuring advice	Secure terms from global M&A Insurance market	Appoint M&A insurer(s) to commence underwriting	Policy & coverage negotiation	Ongoing claims management
Client engages with RCA and enters into a Confidentiality/ Non-Disclosure Agreement	RCA reviews transaction documents e.g. IM, due diligence reports and provides advice on structuring M&A Insurance	RCA prepares an underwriting submission and approaches M&A insurer(s) globally to secure non-binding term sheets	Client and RCA agree to appoint M&A insurer(s) to commence underwriting	RCA negotiates policy with M&A insurer(s) to secure maximum coverage position	Managing, negotiating and settling all claims for the multi-year policies

Presenting today



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