Contact points

Austria

Vienna CMS Reich-Rohrwig Hainz Bernhard Hainz bernhard.hainz@cms-rrh.com Christoph Wolf christoph.wolf@cms-rrh.com T +43 1 40 443 0 F+43 1 40 443 9000

Belgium Brussels CMS DeBacker Stanislas van Wassenhove stanislas.vanwassenhove@cms-db.com Michael de Leersnyder michael.deleersnyder@cms-db.com

T +32 2 743 69 00 F+32 2 743 69 01

Antwerp CMS DeBacker Jef Degrauwe ief.degrauwe@cms-db.com T +32 3 206 01 40 F +32 3 206 01 50

Bulgaria Sofia CMS Cameron McKenna EOOD Kremena Stovanova kremena.stoyanova@cms-cmck.com T +359 2 921 9910 F+359 2 921 9919

Croatia Zagreb CMS Reich-Rohrwig Hainz d.o.o. Gregor Famira gregor.famira@cms-rrh.com T +385 1 4825 600 F+385 1 4825 601

Czech Republic Prague CMS Cameron McKenna v.o.s. Antonin Kazda antonin.kazda@cms-cmck.com T +420 2 9679 8111 F+420 2 2109 8000

Nicolas de Sevin nicolas.desevin@cms-bfl.com T +33 1 47 38 55 00 F +33 1 47 38 55 55

Lyon CMS Bureau Francis Lefebvre Lyon François Coutard f coutard@hfl-avocats-lvon com T +33 4 78 95 47 99 F +33 4 72 61 84 27

Germany Berlin CMS Hasche Sigle Marion Bernhardt marion.bernhardt@cms-hs.com T +49 30 203 60 0 F +49 30 203 60 290

Cologne CMS Hasche Sigle Biörn Gaul bjoern.gaul@cms-hs.com T +49 221 77 16 128 F +49 221 77 16 252

Dusseldorf CMS Hasche Sigle Barbara Bittmann barbara.bittmann@cms-hs.com T +49 211 4934-0 F +49 211 49200-127

Frankfurt am Main CMS Hasche Sigle Reiner Kurschat reiner.kurschat@cms-hs.com T +49 69 71 701 0 F +49 69 71 701 40410

Hamburg CMS Hasche Sigle Bernd Roock bernd.roock@cms-hs.com T +49 40 37 63 00 F +49 40 37 63 03 00

Leipzig CMS Hasche Sigle Eckhart Braun eckhart.braun@cms-hs.com T +49 34 12 16 720 F +49 34 12 16 72 33

Munich CMS Hasche Sigle Dieter Straub dieter.straub@cms-hs.com T +49 89 23 80 70 F +49 89 23 80 71 10

Stuttgart CMS Hasche Sigle Antie-Kathrin Uhl kathrin.uhl@cms-hs.com T +49 711 97 64-0 F +49 711 97 64-900

Italy

Hungary Budapest Ormai és Társai CMS Cameron McKenna Gabriella Ormai gabriella.ormai@cms-cmck.com T +36 1 483 4800 F +36 1 483 4801

Rome CMS Adonnino Ascoli & Cavasola Scamoni Fabrizio Spagnolo fabrizio.spagnolo@cms-aacs.com T+39 06 478151 F +39 06 483755

The Netherlands Amsterdam CMS Derks Star Busmann Marco Meijer marco.meiier@cms-dsb.com Jos W.M. Pothof ios.pothof@cms-dsb.com T +31 20 3016 301 F +31 20 3016 333

Poland Warsaw CMS Cameron McKenna LLP Katarzyna Dulewicz katarzyna.dulewicz@cms-cmck.com T +48 22 5205 555 F +48 22 5205 556

Romania Bucharest CMS Cameron McKenna SCA Delia Dragomir delia.dragomir@cms-cmck.com T +40 21 407 38 00 F +40 21 407 39 00

Russia Moscow CMS Cameron McKenna LLP Leonid Zubarev leonid.zubarev@cms-cmck.com T +7 495 258 5000 F +7 495 258 5100

CMS Hasche Sigle Wassilij Jermolin wassilij.jermolin@cms-hs.com T +7 495 79 79 070 F +7 495 79 79 07

Serbia Belgrade CMS Reich-Rohrwig Hasche-Sigle d.o.o. Radivoje Petrikić radivoje.petrikic@cms-rrh.com T +381 11 32 08 900 F +381 11 30 38 930

Slovakia Bratislava AdvokatskakancelariaJUDr.JaroslavRuzickain association with CMS Cameron McKenna v.o.s. and CMS Reich-Rohrwig Hainz Sylvia Szabó szaho@ccsconsulting sk T +421 2 544 33 490/224 F +421 2 544 35 906

Spain . Madrid CMS Albiñana & Suárez de Lezo Diana Rodriguez drodriguezr@cms-asl.com T +34 91 451 93 26 F +34 91 442 97 35

Switzerland Zurich CMS von Frlach Henrici Damiano Brusa damiano.brusa@cms-veh.com T +41 44 285 11 11 F +41 44 285 11 22

Turkey Turkish Department Vienna CMS Reich-Rohrwig Hainz Döne Yalcin doene.yalcin@cms-rrh.com T +43 1 40443 145 F +43 1 40443 9145

Ukraina Kyiv CMS Cameron McKenna LLC Yaroslav Petrov yaroslav.petrov@cms-cmck.com T +380 44 391 3377 F+380 44 391 3388

United Kingdom London CMS Cameron McKenna LLP Anthony Fincham– Employment anthony.fincham@cms-cmck.com Mark Atkinson – Pensions mark.atkinson@cms-cmck.com T +44 20 7367 3000 F +44 20 7367 2000

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Processing of employee data

The CMS Employment and Pensions Group

France



Processing of employee data

Introduction

Facing the multitude of personal data all employers process, the awareness of the legal framework involved becomes more and more important. The following will outline the most important legal issues to be taken into account before processing employee data within the European Union.

Legal Framework

Data Protection Directive

The Directive 95/46/EC of 24 October 1995 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (hereinafter: "Directive") forms the legal basis for data protection in the EU.

National Data Protection Laws

The 27 Member States have introduced new data protection laws or have amended their existing laws in order to implement the mentioned Directive. They are also obliged to apply their respective data protection laws if the processing is carried out on their territory.

Rights of Employee Representatives

In some Member States, such as Austria, the processing of (personal) employee data requires the consent of the employee representatives. In Austria for instance, employers are obliged to conclude a works agreement with the works council providing for such measures.

Principles for Processing of Personal Data

Criteria for Legitimate Processing of Personal Data

According to the mentioned Directive, personal data shall be:

- processed fairly and lawfully collected for specified,
- explicit and legitimate purposes adequate, relevant and not
- excessive in relation to the purposes for which they are collected
- accurate, kept up to date kept for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which it was collected.

If the data subject has given his informed and free consent, further justification drops.

Employers may process the employees' data without their consent for any of the following:

- performance of the employment contract
- compliance with tax, social security laws or other administrative
 - requirements the purposes of the legitimate interest pursued by the employer or by the third party (or parties) to whom the data are disclosed.

The processing of "sensitive data" (i.e. personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, etc.) is generally prohibited, except for some very restrictive exemptions.

Employees' Rights

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Right of information

The employee has the right to be informed about the purposes of the processing for which the data are intended.

Right of Access to Their Data

The employee is entitled to rectify, erase or block data which has been processed in violation of the Directive.

Right to Object

Member States are obliged to ensure that data subjects are aware on their right to object to the processing of the data.

Confidentiality and Security Processing

Only authorised persons may process the employees' data. To assure the protection of personal data, adequate technical and organisational measures must be established, in particular where data are being transmitted over a network.

Transfer of Personal Data to Another Country

Transfer within the EU

The transfer of personal data between Member States may not be dealt with differently than the transfer within a Member State, as they are obligated to adhere to the principles for the processing of personal data.

Transfer to Third Countries

The third country has to ensure an adequate level of protection if personal data has to be transferred. If this level is not guaranteed, transfer of personal data may take place under a number of circumstances, such as the consent of the data subject itself to the proposed transfer.

United States – Safe Harbour Rules

In comparison to Europe, the United States takes a different approach to data protection. As the coming into force of the Directive would have essentially forbidden the transmission of personal data to non European nations that do not accomplish the European standards for privacy protection, the US Departement of Commerce in consultation with the European Commission developed a "Safe Harbour" framework, which was approved by the EU in July 2000, to bridge this gap.

Standard Contractual Clauses

The Commission has introduced a set of voluntary standard contractual clauses for those countries, which are not recognised by the Commission as offering adequate data protection and for US companies, which have not joined the "Safe Harbour". These clauses contain a legally enforceable declaration ("warrant").

Binding Corporate Rules

The Commission is mean-while also working with the national data protection authorities on other possible alternatives, such as Binding Corporate Rules, i.e. the use of codes of conduct instead of the already mentioned model contracts for the transfer of personal data to third countries.

Notification of Supervisory Authority

One or more public authorities in the Member States are responsible for the monitoring and supervision of the application of the provision of the Directive. This supervisory authority is obliged to check that processing operations are examined prior to the start thereof and to keep and publicise a register of processing operations.

CMS Employment and Pensions Group

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